

#### **Product Description**

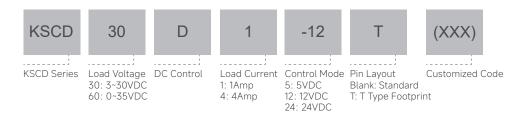
- ◆ MOSFET Output (4A) or Transistor Output (1A)
- Control Voltage: 5VDC, 12VDC, 24VDC
- Load Current: 1A, 4A
- Dielectric Strength: 2500Vrms
- PCB Mounted
- RoHS Compliant







## **Product Selection**



#### **Available Part Numbers**

Control Mode	Part Numbers			
1	1A		4A	
5VDC	KSCD30D1-5	KSCD30D1-5T	KSCD60D4-5	KSCD60D4-5T
12VDC	KSCD30D1-12	KSCD30D1-12T	KSCD60D4-12	KSCD60D4-12T
24VDC	KSCD30D1-24	KSCD30D1-24T	KSCD60D4-24	KSCD60D4-24T

# **Technical Specifications**

Input Specifications (Ta=25°C)					
	5	4~6VDC			
Control Voltage Range	12	9.6~14.4VDC			
	24	19.2~28.8VDC			
	5	4VDC			
Must Turn-on Voltage	12	9.6VDC			
	24	19.2VDC			
Must Turn-off Voltage		1VDC			
	5	25mA (@6VDC)			
Maximum Input Current	12	25mA (@14.4VDC)			
	24	25mA (@28.8VDC)			







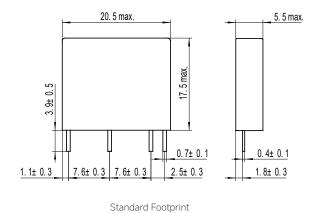
Output Specifications (Ta=25°C)				
Lood Valtaga Danga	30VDC	3~30VDC		
Load Voltage Range	60VDC	0~35VDC		
Maximum Transient Overvoltage	30VDC	30Vpk		
	60VDC	70Vpk		
Load Current Range	1A	0.02~1A		
Load Current Range	4A	0.02~4A		
Maximum Surge Current (@10ms)	1A	4Apk		
Maximum Surge Current (@10ms)	4A	20Apk		
Maximum On-State Voltage Drop (@Rated Current)	30VDC	1.5V		
Thatinam on state voltage prop (enated sament)	60VDC	0.5V		
Maximum Turn-on Time		1ms		
Maximum Turn-off Time		1ms		
Maximum Off-State Leakage Current (@Rated Load Voltage)		0.1mA		

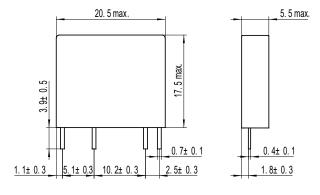
General Specifications (Ta=25°C)				
Dielectric Strength (50/60Hz)	2500Vrms			
Minimum Insulation Resistance (@500VDC)	1000mΩ			
Ambient Temperature Range	-30°C ~ +80°C			
Storage Temperature Range	-30°C ~ +100°C			
Weight (Typical)	3g			

# **Applications**

Suitable for small power DC loads, such as DC motor, power supplies, valves, etc.

# **Outline Dimensions**





T Type Footprint

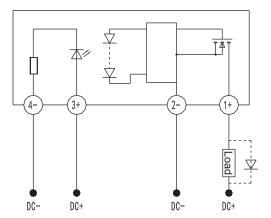




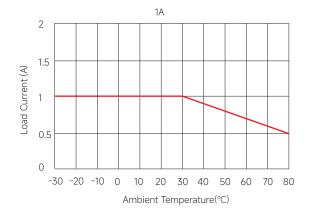


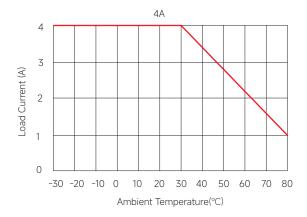


#### Wiring Diagram



## Thermal Derating Curve





## **General Notes**

- 1. Soldering must be finished within 10 seconds at 260°C,or finished within 5 seconds at 350°C. Otherwise it may cause damage to the relay.
- 2. Terminal polarity must be observed. Otherwise it may cause damage to the relay.
- 3. When ambient temperature is above 25°C, the maximum load current decreases. See thermal derating curve.
- 4. Capacitive load will produce very high surge current at the moment of conduction, which may lead to the damage of solid state relay due to the excessive surge current. Therefore, if the actual load is capacitive, or the load has parallelled large capacitance, it is strongly recommended that NTC should be connected in series in the load loop to suppress surge current in order to avoid damage to the product.

# ! Warnings

- 1. The product's side panels may be hot, allow the product to cool before touching.
- 2. Disconnect all power before installing or working with this equipment.
- 3. Verify all connections and replace all covers before turning on power.





